teld Ward that if he could learn more of the internal arrangements he could command a large amount of money for further advances. Ward replied that if he were will for further advances. Ward replied that if he were will a large amount of money for further advances. Ward replied that if he were will also stated that mitors to Bingham's thousands. He also stated that mitors to Bingham's thousands. He also stated that ward should show him some of the alleged contract with the United States, or explain of the larger doutracts with the United States, or explain of the particulars. Ward refused to make any explanation whatever, any ing that he was advised by his counsel not to converse upon that subject. For the last two or three days, Bingham states, he has made diligent investigation into the alleged business of the firm in buying contracts of the Government, and found that the firm had no such contracts and that the statements of Ward in respect thereto were false, and known by him to false at the time they were made. On the 9th of May be had a conversation with Fish, who, in response to a question put by him in respect to the alleged prevaluation put by him in respect to the alleged governation of contractors of the Government, said that he address that on the contract business was apparently a myth and had no foundation in fact.

J. Sevell Tappan.

J. Sevell T

In response to this note he called on Ward at his house In response to this note be called on Ward at his house and later at his office, but could get none of the important information mysteriously referred to. Ulysses S. Grant, ir., Ulysses S. Grant. William C. Smith and James D. Fish, the other members of the firm of Grant & Ward, are also made defendants in the suit.

WHAT GRANT & WARD'S CREDITORS SAY. THE LOANS SECURED BY AMPLE COLLATERAL-NO LOSSES LOOKED FOR.

The waning interest in the affairs of Grant & Ward, the stock-brokerage firm which promised large profits from its contract pool, was revived yesterday by the publication of extracts from the firm's books. It was wn by these that the firm had been a large borrower of money on collateral security and also that the charges of rehypothecation of stocks and bonds were true even beyond the limits set in previous statements. Nearly every prominent bank and trust company, besides many private lenders, was included in the list and apparently a creditor of the firm. The statement was prepared only a few days before the failure and it purports to show the loans of the firm at that time. Some of these loans had since been paid, chiefly by owners of the securities which had been used by Ward. All of them are supported by collaterals which officers of the institutions regarded and still regard as ample security. It could not be learned that any one of the lenders was not fully protected against loss. Many of them have received notices from the owners of the securities that they have been rehypothecated and that the loans will be paid by the owners if not by the sus-

Henry B. Hyde, president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, was called on by a TRIBUNE reporter reference to the company's loans to Grant & Ward. Mr. Byde furnished the following statement:

Mr. Henry B. Syde, president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, states that they have no loans with Grant & Ward, except one which is made on the promis-sory notes of the Eric Ralirous Company, secured by double the amount of Chicago and Atlantic mortgage bonds, which are abundantly safe for the full amount of the loan. The Eric Railroad Company have notified the ciety that they will pay the loans when they mature which is within the next sixty days. All previous loans

Mr. Hyde added in conversation that the amount of the loan was \$250,000. It was made up of different amounts loaned in February and March. second mortgage issue of the Chicago and Atlan-The notes fall due in June and July, but the average amount will not mature until the beginning of July. Mr. Hyde said that he considered the Equitable Company amply secured and when the loans were was not the least suspicion of the real condition of Grant & Ward. When asked as to whether, in the light of recent developments, the company would have considered the loans well secured Mr. Hyde replied; "Ah, that's a different matter. That is a question I cannot auswer." Subsequently Mr. Hyde said, speaking generally of the published statement of Grant & Ward's loans Aftersight is always better than foresight. have been in the midst of a panie and it is difficult to borfow money, even on Government bonds. Prices have been knocked down one-third from what they were when

hese loans were mude." J. A. Garland, the Stock Exchange member of the First National Bank, stated that the loans of the bank were correctly given in Mr. Ward's statement. The loan made on April 12 of \$15,000 on 500 shares on Austin and Texas Central stock was a personal one to Colone Frederick D. Grant. Mr. Garland said that the bank conaldered itself amply secured, and had sold none of the collaterate held to secure the loans.

The secretary of the American Loan and Trust Com-

pany stated that the loan it had made to Grant & Ward on May 5, 1883, of \$50,000 on \$75,000 of Buffalo, New-York and Philadelphia general morigage bonds had been paid off a few days after it was made. The company had bad no transaction with the firm sin

F. S. Winston, president of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, sent out word to a TRIBUNE reporter that he must beg to be excused, and that the balance left un-Grant & Ward was so small as to be of ne in terest to the public.

"The cashier of the American Exchange National Bank

when asked as to its loans to Grant & Ward declined to General Louis Fitzgerald, president of the Mercantile Trust Company, said that the company had no out-

with Grant & Ward. President Baldwin, of the Fourth National Bank, said that all its loans to Grant & Ward had been paid and that the firm did not now owe the bank a cant. The last loan,

said, had been paid some time ago. Thomas Hillhouse, President of the Metropolitan Trust Company, reported a similar condition of affairs. All the loans which the company had ever made to Grant &

Ward had been paid. General Hillhouse suggested that some of the newspapers had failed into a serious mis-take in stating that the loads, according to Grant & Ward's books, were a complete loss. All of them, so far as he had observed, were secured by ample collaterals.

President Cox, of the Mechanics' National Bank, said

that all its loans to the firm had been paid with the exception of one of \$12,000, which was secured by collateral of the market value of \$19,000.

The Continental National Bank has a time loan of \$125. 000 for which it has ample security. The officers of the bank said that in addition to the security in the loan the bank had been served with a notice from the owners of the collateral that the loan would be taken up at ma

John A. Stewart, president of the United States Trust Company, said that the total amount of loans made to Grant & Ward now held by the company was about \$250,000. For this there was, he said, ample security besides the promise of the owners of it to pay the loan. Mr. Stewart remarked the absurdity of the citicism that some of the banks had been impru-dent in loading nearly the full value on the revenue bonds of the city. "The revenue bonds are issued by the City in anticipation of the payment of taxes," said he "Every tax-payer in the city is responsible for their pay-ment. Nothing could arise that would affect their value, and loaning money on them is simply discounting a note that is perfectly good. In the summer months, when usually the rate of interest is low, we like to get these bonds, because we know precisely the date when the

At the office of Drexel, Morgan & Co. one of the men. At the office of Drexel, Morgan & Co. one of the members of the firm said that all the loans to Grant & Ward had been paid. "The owners of the securities were clad to get possession of them eggin," it was said, "by paying the loans which we had made on turne."

A. M. Boll, cashier of the Phosnix National Bank, which had loaned \$75,000 on mixed securities, said: "Our loans were fully evered, and most of them have been remized upon. Of the colliserals, \$25,900 was in United States 4s. [Mr. Smith, Mr. Ward's pattner, negotiated the loan," Richard L. Edwards, president of the flank of the State of New York, said: "The collisterals which we received on our loan of \$100,000 we considered satisfactory, and we are secured by additional collaterals," The spents of the Bank of Mostreat, at No. 61 Wallest, which advanced loans amounting to \$150,000 on tabed-laneous securities, of which \$37,000 in United States is constituted a part, said: "Our loans were made on directions mixed collaterals. We have disposed of nearly all of the securities, and shall have a good surplus to turn over to the receiver."

to the receiver,"

George H. Potts, president of the National Park Bank, said: "We leased Grant & Ward \$75,000 on \$125,000 or bonds of the New York, Buffalo and Philadephia Rattroad, which, at the time we made the lean, were selling in the market at 88. Grant & Ward, it turned out, had rebypotheculed these bonds, when they failed we called upon then to pay the loan. They paid no attention to tax demand. The New-York, Buffalo and Palladephia Company then proposed to us that they should pay the loan and take the bonds. This we agreed to, and they took the honds, paid the loan and gave us at the same time a bond of indemnity to protect us from the assignee of Grant & Ward. So, you see, we have not lost a dollar."

LOANS TO THE FIRM AND THE SECURITIES. THE AMOUNT OF MONEY BORROWED \$12,449,-537 50-A LONG LIST OF TRANSACTIONS.

The amounts of the loans of the various banks and banking houses and the securities upon which the various loans were made are given below: The Marine Bank on July 1, 1882, March 21, April 12

I de Starine Bank on July 1, 1882, March 21, April 12 d April 30, 1884, lent amounts aggregating \$269,000 son the following stocks: 390 Texas and Western Rail-sty, \$18,000 Wheeling and Lake Eric first mortgage, 0,000 Chicago and Alton second mortcage, \$58,000 swe Machine Company first mortgage, \$170,000 Chicago d Atlantic potes.

\$10,000 Chicago and Allon second mortgage, \$170,000 Chicago and Atlantic notes.

The Fourth National Bank lent \$370,000 on March 31 and May 1, 1884, on the following securities: \$25,000 worth Carolina bonds; \$24,000 Chicago and Atlantic second mortgage bonds; \$75,000 Buffalo, New-York and Philadelphia general mortgage bonds; \$100,000 New-York vity revenue bonds at par.

J. and W. Selleman & Co. lent \$645,000 on March 26 and 31, April 7 and 17, and May 1 and 5, on the following securities: \$54,000 West Virginia Central and Philadelphia securities: \$54,000 West Virginia Central and Philadelphia \$300,000 Chidago and Atlantic second mortgage; \$150,000 St. Louis and San Francisco general mortgage; \$150,000 United States four per cent at par; \$500,000 New-York Central and St. Louis second mortgage at par; \$25,000 Chicago and Atlantic notes; \$10,000 Chicago and Atlantic notes; The Equitable Life Assurance Society made loans amounting to \$1,050,000 Chicago and Atlantic second mortgage bonds; \$300,000 Chicago and Atlantic second mor

morigage bonds; \$300,000 Chicago and Atlantic notes; 150 shares Dry Dock and \$700,000 New-York city 3 per cent revenue bonds at par.

The Bank of the Republic lent \$320,000 on March 10, 19, 21 and 22, on April 1, 4, 19, 22, 26 and May 3 on the following securities: \$25,000 North Carolina Renewal Debt Bond, due 1919; \$91,000 Tonnawada and Cuba firsts; 210 shares Marine Bank stock; \$8,000 L and New-Albany and C. firsts; \$2,000 Guif, Col. and Santa Fe firsts; 200 shares Columbus and Greavelle preferred; 200 shares St. Louis and Terre Haute common; 34 shares C. C. C. & L; \$125,000 Ban. New-York and Philadelphia general morigage; 200 shares Facilie Mail Steamship Co.; 100 shares New-York Central and St. Louis preferred; 200 shares New-York Central and St. Louis preferred; 100 shares New-York Central and St. Louis preferred; 100 shares New-York Central and St. Louis preferred; 100 shares Scanda Southern; \$37,000 New-York Central and St. Louis preferred; 200 shares Removed morigage; \$14,000 Chicago and Atlantic second mortgage; \$75,000 Wineeling and Lake Eric first; \$45,005 Chicago and Atlantic second mortgage; \$100 Shares Rolling, \$200 Shares Rolling,

on Murch 7 and 10 the Continental Bank lent \$125.0 \$210,000 Chicago and Atlantic second mortra

on \$210,000 Chicago and Atlantic second mortrage bonds.

The Merchants' Bank, of Chanda, lent \$125,000 on February 15, March 11, and April 10, on \$60,000 N. V. W. S. and Bafbol 6rst: 1,100 shares C. C. C. and 1, 200 shares Eric Common; 32 shares 8t. L. and 8an Fran. first perfected; \$100,000 N. Y. and 8th L. account mortrage.

The loans of the First National Bank tends on March 17, April 12 and May 3 amounted to \$10,000, secured by \$70,000 West Virgina Central and Fitzburg firsts; \$500 8hares Housson and Texas Railway Company; \$10,000 New-York Central and \$1,000 secured by \$70,000 Buff. N. Y. & Phili, general mortrage.

On March 26 the National Park Bank lent \$75,000 on \$125,000 Buff. N. Y. & Phili, general mortrage.

The National Shor & Leather Bank lent on March 26 and April 10 and 17, \$150,000 on \$80,000 Cheato & Atlantic, 2d intice, bonds; \$75,000 Wheeling & Lake Eric 1st intice; \$50,000 C. & A. notes; \$15,000 N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d tulge, bonds.

The loans of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of New Jersey on February 12 and April 14 and 15 amounted to \$80,000 C. & A. notes; \$45,000 N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d tulge, bonds.

The loans of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of New Jersey on February 12 and April 14 and 15 amounted to \$80,000 Cheato, & A. hories; \$45,000 N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d April 14 and 15 amounted to \$80,000 on Salares Rock Island, 500 shares C. B. & Q. 200 shares Notifiwest contained, 100 shares C. H. & San Fran. 1st preferred, 100 shares Pol., Lack, & West., \$19,00 N. Y. W. S. & B. Blass.

The National Bank of Commerce lent \$750,000 on February 12 and April 12 and 500 on February 12 and 500 on Febru

Allantic, 2d inter, 1800 00 C. & A. notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. Notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. Notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. Notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. Notes, 345,000 X. C. & S. 182 10 C. & A. Notes, 345,000 X. Y. & Note City revenue bends, 100 Shares E. C. O. & A. 20 Shares Solidows, 345,000 X. Y. & S. & B. Base.

The National Bark of Commerce lent \$75,000 on February 6, 31, March 1, 5, Avril 8, 14 and May 2. The securities were as follows; 5, 75,013 24; per cent revenue bends, 132 shares \$1. & S. 18 Than 182, 2. The securities were as follows; 5, 75,013 24; per cent revenue bends, 1, 200 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. B. & Q. 40 shares C. C. C. & L. 20 danas C. danas C. danas C. & Danas C.

Deptet. Strand V. C. and St. L. 2d mige.; \$43,000 Chicago and Atlantic 2d mige.; 400 shares Eric common, and \$150,000 fauft. N. Y. and Phila. general inter. B. H. Smith & Co. on April 19 lent \$40,000 seemed by \$80,000 Wheeling and Lake Eric first mortgage bonds. On April 22, the Metropolitan Trust Company lent \$200,000 on \$200,000 N. Y. C. revenue bonds.

The loans of the Mutual Lafe Insurance Company lent \$200,000 and \$200,000 N. Y. C. revenue bonds.

The loans of the Mutual Lafe Insurance Company on April 22 and May 1, amounted to \$100,000. The securities were \$50,000 Western Transit first mortgage; 100 shares If. S. Banks: 50 shares Marine Banks; 100 shares Northwest preferred; 100 shares St. P.; 100 shares St. L. and san Fran. first preferred; 50 shares C. and Pitts.; \$1,000 Thied Ave. R. E. first; \$3,000 City of Providence Water Board; \$2,000 U. S. 4 per cents; \$5,000 Wabash, set I. Dir.

ct. L. Div.

On April 22, Martin Leach & Co. lent \$59,900 on 100 hares & L. and San Fran. first preferred; 200 snares & L. and L.; \$30,000 N. Y., C. and St. L. second mort-rate; \$15,000 U.S. 4 per cents.

Landlaw & Co. lent \$100,000 on April 28 on 400 shares & C. C. & L.; 300 shares & P. M. & Omaha com; 100 hares \$1, L. & San Fran. first preferred; 200 shares & there as the Tel. Co; 100 shares St. L. A. & T. H. com; 100 shares Wabash preferred; 135 shares Union Bank; \$3,000 N. Y. C. & St. L. second mortgage; 3,000 U.S. our ner cent. orit 22, Martin Leach & Co. lent \$50,000 on 100

four per cent.

The Bank of Montreal lent \$150,000 on April 29 and May 1, on 1,400 shares C. C. C. & I.; 100 spares S. L. & San Fran, first proferred; 100 shares Union Pacific; \$10,000 Guif Cal. & Santa Fe first mortgage; \$5,000 Green R? & Nw. Birsts; \$0,000 N. Y. C. & St. L. second mortgage; \$37,000 N. S. four per cent.; \$13,000 Baffalo, N. Y. & Phila general mortgage.

On April 29 the Mochanics National Bank lent \$50,000, The securities were 500 Union Pac; 200 Eric Com.; \$00 Min. & Char; 38 St. L. & San. Fran., 1st pfid; \$20,000 N. Y. C. & St. L. & San.

N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d.

Arents & Young on May 1 lent \$30,000 on 200 shares
t. L. & San. Fran. 1st pfd; 190 shares Union Fac.; 100
shares C. C. C. & L.; \$10,000 N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d intge.
On January 28 and May 1 the Mercandia Trust Comcany lent \$1,250,000 on \$1,250,000 New-York City 223 and 3 per cont revenue bonds.

The Phornix National Bank on May 2 lent \$75,000 on the following: 300 shares Canada; 100 shares Manhatan 1st prefd; 300 shares C C. U and I; \$25,000 U. S. 4 per cent; \$25,000 Buff., N. Y. and Phili, general

mortgage.

On May 2 Huzfield & Co. lent \$10,000 on 200 shares C.
C. and L. 2,000 N. Y. and St. L., 2d.; \$3,000 Buff.,
N. Y. and Phil general mortgage.
The loans of the New-York Life Insurance and Trust
Company on May 2 amounted to \$205,000 secured by
the following: \$100,000 New-York City revenue bonds;
500 shares C. C. & El, 200 shares Cao. Pac.; 50 shares
Pitts. & Ft. Wayne; 1,000 shares Eric com., \$50,000

The City Bank of Brooklyn, on March 13, lent \$25,000 on \$40,000 Chie, & All, 2d.

The Columbia Bank, on March 15, lent \$25,000 on 43,000 Chie, & All, 2d; mortg, bends and \$25,000 Chie, and lived at No. 1,307 Second-ave.

& Atl. notes
The National Broadway Bank, on March 22 and 26.leni
\$200,000 on 320,000 Chicago and Atlantic second mort The National Broadway Bank, on March 22 And 20,000 on 320,000 Chicago and Atlantic second mortgage bonds.

The Long Island Loan and Trust Company, on February 2, lent \$50,000 on the following securities: 100 shares 8t. L. and \$30 Shares. Long Island; 100 shares West. Union; 100 shares Union Pac; \$5,000 Gulf. Cal. and E.; 300 shares. Long Island; 100 shares West. Union; 100 shares Union Pac; \$5,000 Gulf. Cal. and Sante Fe 1st \$5,000 Buff., N.Y. and Phil, general mortgage.

The National Iron Bank of Morristowa, on April 7 and 8, lent \$70,000. The securities were \$5,000 Chic. and All. 24, \$30,000 N.Y. C. and st. L. second mortgage.

The Lincoln National Bank on April 11 lent \$50,000 on \$75,000 N.Y. C. & St. L. 2nd mortgage.

C. H. Mallory & Co. lent \$100,000 on April 12, on \$150-000 N.Y. C. St. L. 2nd mortgage.

E. H. Tobey on April 15 lent \$40,000 on \$60,000 N.Y. C. St. L. 2nd mortgage.

The Broadway Savings Bank, on April 24, lent \$450,000 on \$450,000 N.Y. C. Y. C. Y. C. St. L. 2nd mortgage.

The Manhattan Life Insurance Company, on May 1 and 5, lent \$300,000 on the following securities: \$500 shares 8t. L. and San Fran. 1st prefd \$120,000 U.S. 4 per cents; \$500 shares 8t. L. and San Fran. 1st prefd \$120,000 U.S. 4 per cents; \$50.000 N.Y. C. & St. Louis, 2d mortgage; 100 shares C. St. Paul, Mina, & Omaha con; 200 shares Erie con.

On April 19 and May 3 Brown Brothers & Co. lent \$1,000,000 N.Y. City Revenue bonds.

On April 9, L. Van Hoffman & Co. lent \$500,000 N.Y. City Revenue bonds.

On April 9, L. Van Hoffman & Co. lent \$500,000 N.Y. City Revenue bonds.

Putnam & Earle, on May 1, lent \$4,662 50 on 100 Kan.

m & Earle, on May 1, lent \$4,662 50 on 100 Kan. L. L. White & Co. lent \$5,200 on \$10,000 N. Y. W. S. &

B. 1st. Charles Garliehs, on May 1, lent \$15,075 on \$30,000 N. Y. W. S. & E. 1st. William Heath & Co., on May 2, lent \$17,775 50 on 300 Union Pac. G. H. Prentiss & Co., on May 3, lent \$5,225 on 100 N. P. preferred. The entire amount of the loans so made is \$12,449. 537-50.

THE PROFITS OF MR. WARD'S FELLOW-INVESTORS. The paper which Mr. Ward testified contained the entry of amounts received and paid, or to be paid, to refund the capital and profits due on the contracts, and which he asserted that he had with the Government, contained the initials of the different persons for each entry and date. The memoranda, arranged according to the names of these persons, with the several dates,

to the names of these persons, with the several dates, were as follows:

J. Nelson Tappan—May 1, Feb. 15, W., 210, \$50,000; May 1, Feb. 1, 206, \$30,000; May 15, March 1, 216, \$40,000; May 15, Feb. 15, 211, \$25,000; June 1, April 2, 11 m., profits. \$90,000; June 1, J. Nr., April 15, notes, C. B., 220, \$30,000; June 1, April 15, receips (9,002), \$80,000; June 15, April 15, receips (9,002), \$80,000; June 15, April 15, receips (9,002), \$80,000; June 15, April 15, profits. \$200,000; July 2, notes cash, 226, \$60,000; July 15, 231 note \$10,000; April 5, Feb. 8, 35 m. paid \$30,000; April 6, March 4, 2 m. paid \$30,000; April 15, J. N. T., Jan. 2, notes Pb. Pl. 104, \$100,000; April 5, Feb. 8, 35 m. paid \$30,000; April 15, J. N. T., March 15, 25 m. paid \$40,000; April 15, J. N. T., March 15, 25,000; April 25, J. N. T. March 25,000; May 15, Feb. 15, 5 m., \$50,000; May 15, March 15, 45 m., \$50,000; May 15, March 15, 45 m., \$60,000; May 15, March 15, 45 m., \$50,000; May 15, March 15, 45 m., \$60,000; May 15, March 15, 50,000; May 15, March 16, 50,000; May 16, March 27, 50,000; May 16, March 12, 200,000; May

Due on above April 5 - \$110,000 Due on above May 5 - 221,000 Due on above June 5 - 200,000 Due on above July 6 - 200,000 Due on above Aug 5 - 200,000	
time on above Scat 5 207.000	\$235,000
March 31 to Oct. 10, 1984 Due on a love May 10, 74 ta.	- C. C. S. C
June 10, 57 m	
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Tray 20, 2, 34.	
Aug. 10, 5 m	
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May 1 1 16 m. June 10, 14 m.	
July 10, 14 m	
Aug. 19, 14 m.	
Sept. 10, 14 m.	
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(cc. 10, 14 m. April 1 — Feb. 12, 75 m. paid \$25,000 ; April 1 — March 1, 215 m. \$1 *0,000 ; April 1 — March 12, 5 m. \$5 *0,000 ; April 1 — March 20, 5 m. \$6 *0,000 ; April 5 — 55 mea *5 ; 5 m. \$60 ; April 1 — March 12, 5 m. \$10,000 ; April 1 ; 5 m. \$125,000 ; April 1 ; 5 m. \$125,000 ; April 17 — March 13, 25 m. \$125,000 ; April 17 — March 17, 5,000 , \$25,000 ; April 19, April 19, April 20 — April 20 , 5 m. \$60 ; April 20 , \$25,000 ; April 21, April 19, 22 m. \$75,000 ; April 25 — March 27, 6 m. \$50,000 ; April 27 — March 27, 6 m. \$30,000 ; April 27 — March 27, 6 m. \$50,000 ; April 27 — March 27, 6 m. \$50,000 ; April 27 — March 27, 6 m. \$50,000 ; April 27 — March 27 ; 6 m. \$50,000 ; April 27 — March 27 ; 6 m. \$50,000 ; April 1 — gives me 50 m to April 7 ; April 30—March 30, 132,050, \$110,000; April 1—gives ne 50m to April 7; Ex-Mayor Grace; May 1—W. R. G. April 1, 5m,

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stated in the evening papers that U.S. Grant, jr. had gone to Canada, and in some quarters it was asserted that he nad gone to escape being arrested on orders which had niready been issued against him in connection with the

A TRIBUNE reporter called at the house of General Grant last evening and was informed by Jesse R. Grant that his brother had been at his office in this city nearly all day and had gone to his home at Morristown, N. J., for the night, "I am not aware," said he, "of any warants being out assinst him and I do not believe that here are any. If anybody wants to see him he will probably find him at his office in the morning."

THE REFERENCE CASE POSTPONED.

The suit of John H. Morris against U. S. Grant, jr., and others, which was to go on before Referee Hamilton Cole yesterday afternoon, went over until next Tuesday at 2 p. m. because of the complications arising om Mr. Ward's arrest and the probability that he would from Mr. Ward's arrest and the probability that he would refuse to give any further testimony. "Mr. Ward has been very candid in giving his testimony before. Refereo Cole." said Francis N. Bangs, "and would have given us vanishbe help in trying to unravel matters, but, after being arrested in a quasi criminal suit, what good lawy reworld advise him to go on and make statements which might criminate him?"

KILLED BY THE FALL OF A SCAFFOLD.

Four bricklayers were busily at work at 4 p.m. yesterday laying bricks around an air shaft on level with the fifth floor of an unfinished tenemer use at No. 234 East Twenty-fourth-st. John Fin gan, a hod-carrier, dumped a hod full of bricks on the platform and the supports gave way suddenly precipitat ing the five men down the air shaft to the basement, i distance of fully fifty feet. When the other workmen rat to their assistance, Cornellas O'Leary, age twenty-seve was found to be lifeless. His skull had been fractured Fehx Magnire, ago forty, of No. 603 East Fourteenth-st. cents Magning age twenty-cight, of No. 318 Wes Faventy-lifth-st., and Firegan, who lives at No. 27 Avenne-A., were put in an ambulance and sent t Bellevue Hospital, ambring from severe internal in turies and brutes. One of Fleming's wrists we fractured. Thomas Corcorat, the other workman, wh is twenty six years old, and a son of the contractor for the mason work, was put in a conch and removed to his home at No. 340 West Thirty sixth st.

The body of O'Leary was sent to the Morgus. He had recently come from Irchard, and with his wife and two children boarded with an ancle at No. 162 Mont-

SHOT BY HIS PLAYMATE.

Samuel McCloud, age ten, of No. 209 Monroe at., while at play last night shot Peter Fitzshumous, age 16. of No. 414 Cherry-st., in the side, inflicting a danger one wound. Samuel was arrested, and the wounded lad was sent to the Bellevue Hospital.

BASEBALL CHAMPIONS BEATEN. NEW-YORK'S EASY VICTORY OVER BOSTON.

A GREAT GATHERING AT THE POLO GROUNDS-THE

METROPOLITANS ALSO WIN A GAME. Yesterday was a gala day at the Polo Grounds, a large crowd of spectators turning out to witness the game of baseball between the New-York and Boston League nines. The number that passed through the turnstile was 7,737, while numerous urchins and older folks with more baseball fever than ready cash climbed over the fence. The grand stand and five seats were filled fully half an hour before the time for the game to begin, while at 4 o'clock, when the game was called, a circle of human beings, twenty deep in places, hemmed in the diamond. Although the accommodations are as ample as at any grounds in the country, many persons, especially the late comers, caught only an occasional glimpse of the players, and tall individuals gave thanks for their height. Much interest was feit in the game and the betting on the result was heavier than on any previous game played in this city in years. Much money changed hands, although there was o open beiting on the grounds. So far this season the Boston club has won tifteen games and lost three; the New-York club has won fourteen and lost three, and the Providence club has been victorious in fourteen games and been defeated only twice. Great interest is manifested, therefore, in the games between the three.

The Boston men were the first to appear, showing their strongest nine, with the giant Whitney as pitcher. The home players marched on the field two abreast and were greeted with applane. The 7th Regiment Band played waltzes and patriotic airs, and the spectators were in a most amiable humor. The Boston players were the first at the bat, and the home players retired them quickly. Then going to the bat the New York nine secred two runs gmid cheering. Ewing was thrown out at first base by Whitney; Ward then sent a long fly to centre field, which Manuing dropped. Ward stole to second in his usual rapid manner and came home on a lift to left field by Connor. Connor reached third on an error by Hume, the catcher. Whitney's throw of Gillespie's hit to Hunes to cut-off Connor at the home plate was missed, allowing Connor to score. In the second timing the home players added another run to their score. Welch was allowed to reach first base on an error by Morrill, and he went to second and then to third base on two bassed bails by Hines. Richardson sent the ball safe just over short stop, and Welch got second. In the fourth finding they batted the pilching of Whitney sufficiently hard to carn two runs. Gillespie led off with a hit over scond base, and Dorgan followed with a hit to centre field. McKinnon sent a long hit to left field, sending in Gillespie, and Docgan to third. Dorgan scored on Welch's fly out to Frowley in left field. In the fifth immig the New-York players again scored, and the spectators counted the grame as won. Ewing sent the ball over the heads of the spectators in left field, getting to third base; then he scored on a hit to left field by Ward.

In the cighth inning the Boston players accred their only ran of the game. After one man had been prit out, Manning sent the ball into the crowd in right field, and before it was nelded back into the diamond, he had reached third base. In attempting to cut off the baserunner at third base, Connor overthrew the ball, and the lore it was nelded back into the d The Boston men were the first to appear, showing their strongest nine, with the giant Whitney as pitcher. The

Boston.	T.	15	po	a.	e.	New-York.	r.	10	100	4.	•
tornang 1 f. etilon, 94 milion, 94 kithey, 9 torritt, 16 times, c. rowley, r. f. faming c. f. Vise, as.	0	1	110083114	0 0 7 4 2 0 0 0 8	1 1 0 1	Ewing, c	1 2 1 0 1	1 2 1 1 2 0 1 0	12 0 4 1 3 0 0 0	1 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 4	011111111111111111111111111111111111111
Totals.	1	5	24	16	6	Totals,	7	10	27	8	

House a rest-Boston, 3; New-York, 1. First base on errors-Boston, 1; New-York, 3. First base on errors-Boston, 1; New-York, 3. First base on balls-Boston, 1; New-York, 0. Siruck out-Boston, 10; New-York, 3. Left on bases—Boston, 5; New-York, 2. To'al base h.ts-fosion, 8; New-York, 14. Three-base hits-fwing 2. Manning 1. Two-base hit-whitney, Bouble plays-Burdock, Whose and Morrid, Passed balls—Hitses, 3. Wild pitches-Windowy, 1; Welch, 1. Time of game—1 hour and 35 minutes. Unpirc—Mr McLean.

The game at the Metropolitan Park between the Metropolitan and Washinstons resulted in an easy victory for the home cinb, who out-played their opponents in good style and was ably supported. Barr, the visitors' pitcher, was hit freely, especially by Otr, Rossoman and Terry, the farmer secoring a home ran by knocking the ball over the fence. Fennelly carried off the honors for the Washingtons. The following is the score:

Washington.	r.	1/1	2 ^{jin}	a.	e.	Metropolitan.	7	bh	210	er.	4
Humphries, rf. dinwkes, 2b Kaley, l. f Morgan, c King, 1b Yewell, ab	0 0 0 0 0 1	0 1 0 1 0 1	1420810	0300120	000301	Nelson, a.s. Hrady, r.f. Falerbrook, 3b Homenan, c.f. rr, 1b roy, 2b. Hothert, c. Kennedy, 1 f heefs, p.	0011111	013133	1135	020004	001100
Totals	3	5	21	14	4	Totals	6	12	27	1.	

Runs scored each liming: Metropolitan 0 0 2 1 0 0 1 2 2-6 6

Ruus earned-Washington, 2: Metropolitan, 3: First base by errors-Washington, 2: Metropolitan, 2: First base on halls-washington, 6: Metropolitan, 1: Struck out-Washington, 3: Metropolitan, 0: let on bases-Washington, 2: Metropolitan, 1: Struck out-Washington, 3: Metropolitan, 2: Total base hits-Washington, 6: Metropolitan, 19: Romerun-Orr, 1:so base hits-Troy 2: Keuhedy and Hobbert. With pitich-Reefe. 1: Unapire-Mr. Seward. Time of game-1 hour and 30 minutes.

A close game of baseball was played at Fordham be-tween the St. John's College Clib, and the nine from Seton Hall College. The latter won by a score of 12 to 11. Other games were played yesterday as follows: In bijadelphia-Providence, 12; Philadelphia, 4; Athletic,

Other games of the control of the co In Cincinnati-Cincinnati Union, 10; Keystone Union,

In Columbus—Columbus, 6; St. Louis, 2.
In Indianopolts—Louisville, 12; Indianopolts, 2.
In indiado—Buffalo 8, Detroit 7.
In Newsre—Domestic 8, Frenton 7. Eleven innings.

MARYLAND JOCKEY CLUB RACES.

BALTIMORE, May 22.-The first race at the Pimlico track to-day, the Chesapeake Stakes for fillies, three years old, one mile and a furlong, was won easily

The second race, for three-year-olds, seven furlongs, was won by Valley Forge, Marmaduke second, Exotic third and Flyaway last. Time 1:31. Pools paid \$77 15. The third race, the Clayburg Memorial Stakes, half a ulie, for two-year-olds, was won by Telie Doe, Krishna econd, Bradwood third. Time 0:51. Pools \$14 35. The fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, was won by thea, Tattler second and alike's Pride third. Time 1:17, 2001s paid \$9. The fifth race, a free handicap for all ages, mile and a

Phots paid \$9. Pools paid \$1. The fifth race, a free handicap for all ages, mile and a furlong, was won easily by Bluebell, Referee second and Jim Nelson last. Time 1:58 4. Pools paid \$22 50. The sixth, a selling race, 14 miles, was won by Chanticleer, Jim Nelson second, Nettle third. Then followed Bartiarian, Infanta, Lady Dean, Billet Doux, Faircount and Lost Cause. Time 2:38 3. Mutuals \$10.05.

THE LOUISVILLE RACES.

LOUISVILLE, May 22 .- The track for the Joekey Club races was fast to-day. The Magnolia Stakes for all ages, three quarter-of-a-mile heats, was won by Force. Patrick Dennis won the first heat. Time, 1:1712. Force. Patrick Pennis won the archical. Thee, 11742, 1:194, 1:194. The Clark stake for three-year-olds, one and one-quarter miles, was won by Bachanan, Loftus second and Audian third. Time, 2:12. The Welter purso, one mile, was won by Tennyson in 1:4-34. The Falls City handlesp, one and one-half miles, was won by Tamerlane, Tangier a neck behind. Time, 2:37.

WYCLIFFE, THE GREAT REFORMER. A GREAT MEETING IN MEMORY OF HIM AT EXETER HALL.

London, May 22 .- The Wycliffe celebration was concluded yesterday evening with a great meeting at Exeler Hall. The Earl of Shaftesbury presided. Numer ous distinguished clergymen and other persons of not were present. The exercises were interspersed with the singing of hymns which had been specially selected for their bearing upon the life and doctrines of the great reormer. The Earl of Shaftesbury, in his opening address, said: "Of the three great reformers, Wyeliffe, Luther and Tyndale, Wycliffee was perhaps the greatest. England, after his time, was never again subject to the rule of the Pope. Wycliffe has been slandered; he has been called a Pope. Wycliffe has been standered; he has been called a worthless fellow, an apostate, a rascal. But these clouds of contunuely are now vanishing, disclosing the brilliancy of the man's character and the noldeness of his heart."

A motion was carried instructing the Memorial Committee to appeal for £10,000 to be used in the publication and circulation of Wycliffe's writings and for the erection of a memorial stains on some suitable site in London. Subscriptions were obtained to the amount of £400.

The Rev. Mr. Hughes said: "In my belief the principles which Wycliffe proclaimed have a firmer and whier nold upon the country now then ever before. Three men—I will mention no more—namely, the great Baptist preacher, Mr. Spurgeou, the famous American revivalist, Mr. Mooly, and General Booth, the controlling autrit of the Salvation Army, who represent the Wycliffic teachings, wield more influence than all the prices in the churches of England put together." [Lond cheers].

HORSE THIEVES WORSTED BY OFFICERS. St. Louis, May 22.-A party of horse thieves and whiskey peddlers was overtaken in the Indian Ter DROWNED IN LITTLE HELL GATE.

Louis and William Getterman were fishing in Two of the officers were slightly injured.

Tritory a few days ago, by several officers. A fight occurred to which George Riggs, one of the thieves, was killed, another mortally, and a third slightly wounded. Two of the officers were slightly injured.

WALL STREET IN POLITICS.

FAILURE OF THE ARTHUR MEETING.

VIEWS EXPRESSED BY WESTERN MEN AT THE CAP-

ITAL-BLAINE'S INCREASING STRENGTH-MR. BRISTOW'S VIEWS. WASHINGTON, May 22.-The meeting in New-York on Tuesday night has fallen flat, at least as far as Washington is concerned. None but the most pronounced Arthur man would pretend that it has had any effect outside of New-York city. If it has done anything, it has tended to strengthen the prejudice which exists in the minds of people who are opposed to Wall Street rule, and to any man whose support is largely drawn from that quarter. The editorial in The Tribune of Wednesday morning on Wall Street Presidents is thought to reflect accurately the feelings of large masses of Republican voters in the West, and it is not too much to say that, with the exception of a few out-and-out Ar thur men whom no argument could convince, it is conceded to have struck a timely note of warning. It is admitted that the country will not be greatly impressed by the assurance from Wall Street men

for President. Not a little resentment is shown at the idea that Wall Street should attempt to dictate a nomination. Western men especially are earnest and emphatic in their talk regarding the methods by which the business men" of New-York are endeavoring to stampede the Convention before it has even met, and the thought that a delegation is to go on to Chicago and there influence the members of the Convention is not by any means calculated to placate their ire. They know that the kid glove element in such a delegation would be completely under the control of the "Mikes," "Jakes,"
"Johnnies" and "Barneys," and they know perfectly well what that would mean.

that they consider Mr. Arthur to be the right man

' We don't want a man," said a Western delegate to-day, " who has shown himself to be still under the control of such people. We don't want a dark horse. We think we can do better. What we want is a man of some breadth, a broad-gauge man, who can command the respect of the whole people. A man like Mr. Blame would fill the requirements. Of his popularity there can be no doubt, and he would sweep the country as no other candidate whom the Republican party might put into the field could." A CHANGE OF FEELING AMONG DELEGATES.

It has been evident for the last few days that Mr. Blaine's strength in the South is increasing. Already there is some talk that he will have a solid delegation from Arkansas, 15 of the 16 votes in Louisiana, 5 or 6 m Mississippi, 8 in Texas-which was thought to be solidly for Arthur-and even Virginia, where Mahone used the most strenuous efforts to secure a delegation bound by the unit rule to the fortunes of the President, may furnish perhaps eleven men to the Blaine contingent. Taken together, it is estimated that he has now in the neighborhood of 80 votes. from the Southern States, with every probability that this number will be swelled considerably before the time for the meeting of the Convention has ar-In the Northern States it is generally conceded he

has held his own, though the Arthur men have been going about for the last week or two talking about the increase of strength their candi date is showing there. When asked upon what ground, they base such change in his favor, they remain silent as a general rule. A few, it is true, whisper mysteriously that there has been a great reaction of feeling in his favor; that the people have suddenly awakened to a recog-nition of his civil service proclivities; and that there is a general disposition shown to reward him for his good behavior while in office.

It is safe to assume that all this talk about reaction of feeling" and "disposition to be just is the merest moonshine and that it is a desperate makeshift to conceal the fact that Mr. Blaine is beginning to break the solid phalanx of Southern office-holders who probably never were sincere in their expressions of loyalty to the man who controls them by promises of official pap and other fa-

For the last few days Washington has been alive with Southern delegates, all intent to find out which way the wind blows before starting for Chicago. Out of the reach of internal revenue collectors and United States marshals, they to find the sentiment for Blaine as strong as it is. A fear seizes them that they will be left out in the cold, if they should persist in their allegiance to Arthur. Their heart's desire is to find out which way the

their neart's desire is to find out way are cat will jump and they appear to recognize that it will take a leap into Maine. Notwithstanding the watchful eye which the Arthur men are keeping upon their movements, these men are able to get the drift of public opinion in looking over the field here pretty clearly, and they are not slow in following the right scent. A HINT FROM A DIPLOMAT.

A significant fact, and one which should furnish food for much reflection to voters is this, that the nembers of the Diplomatic Corps here, whenever they persuade themselves to talk at all about politics in this country, express unanimonaly the hope that Mr. Blame will not secure the nomination at Chicago. Talking on this subject to-day, a diplomat who a short time ago was prominently before the public in connection with what was then lunorously called an "International before the public in connection with what was then lumorously called an "International Episode" said to a Tribune correspondent: "I think the election of Mr. Blaine to the Presidency would cause some aneasiness. Under the present administration and the Frelinghuyson regime we have no trouble at all in getting everything we want, or ask for. All we do is to insist on a point and we are sure then of carrying it. Mr. Blaine, on the other hand, I am afraid, would do all the insisting and be, perhaps, more fealous of the rights of Americans than the present administration seems to be. Of course this would be to us rather distasteful."

Such an expression of feeling from such a source is rather humiliating, though not so, perhaps, to those who, at the meeting in New-York Tuesday night, passed the following resolution:

"He has adopted and pursued a foreign policy, in keeping with teachings of Washington, which, while it has preserved us from entangling alliances and dangerous complications with other powers, has at the same time mercased the respect with which the United States and its people are regarded by the nations of the earth."

"The foreign policy of the Government," said a

earth."
"The foreign policy of the Government," said a Senator to-day, "has been for the last four years a disgrace in its weakness and vacilitating spirit. It has made us ridiculous in the eyes of the world and brought us into contempt with everybody. The reversal of the policy inangurated under Garhield was a blunder which cost us the commerce of South America and practically shut us out frem its markets, which are now enjoyed by other powers."

powers.

It is needless to say that sentiments like these find a ready echo even among Mr. Arthur's most ardent supporters, of whom there are many who never could abide the policy of Mr. Freinghuysen. It is also a fact worthy of notice that few only of the resolutions passed at State Conventions contain a good word for the foreign policy of the Administration.

BRISTOW'S SPEECH TRAVESTIED. Mr. Bristow's speech on Tuesday night is the subject of much merriment in certain quarters. It is said to resemble a pronunciamento and to have all the solemnity of a Queen's speech from the throne. Some wag at the Capitol read it to a group of political friends this morning with much feeling and a great deal of dignity, somewhat in the following manner:

SENATORS: The dignity of the Nation and the senatons: The dighty of the Nation and carried to fo our citizens have been fully maintained without running the ship of State dangerously near to the rocks of international strife. Without dishoner, or weakness, we have peace with all the world. Our internal affairs are in a atisfactory condition.

Gentlemen of the House of Representa-tives; Nothing has been done to reopen the wounds inflicted upon the country by a prolonged and exhaustive civil war. Whatever could be done by the Executive to allay sectional feeling and to promote national unity and harmony has been done. SENATORS AND GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: The revenues have been faithfully collected, and the moneys arising therefrom have been honestry applied to the purposes to which they were appointed by law. The veto power has been discreetly and wisely used in the interest of public economy.

A CITY CLERK'S VAULT ROBBED.

Sr. Louis, May 22.-The vault in the City Clerk's office in East St. Louis was broken upon last

night and everything in it was stolen. An attempt was made to blow open the door of the vault with powder, but this failed, and the burglars broke a hole two feet square through the twenty-inch brick wall of the vault. The amount of money taken is variously estimated at from \$1,000 to \$2,000. It is supposed that \$20,000 worth of scrip was also stolen. The City Council has offered a reward of \$1,000. The tools with which the entrance was made were stolen from a blacksmith's shop near by

MEETINGS OF RELIGIOUS BODIES. PRESBYTERIANS AT SARATOGA.

WORK OF THE BOARD OF CHURCH ERECTION. SARATOGA, May 22.-At the Presbyterian General Assemby's morning session the Rev. Dr. J. B. Stratton, of Natchez, Miss., was received as correspond ing delegate from the General Assemby South, at Vicks

At the afternoon session the Board of Church Erection submitted its report, and the report of the standing committee was made by the Rev. Dr. Dinsmore. The total receipts for last year were \$135,277; cash balance from last year, \$3.008; working capital for the year, \$138,285 The number of churches erected during the year by aid of the board was 236, in thirty-seven States and Territories, and under the care of ninety-three Presbyteries. The average amount of aid to each church was nearly \$430. About 500 churches are without a house of worship, and ail of these are dependent upon the Board of Home Missions. To enable the Board to do its full work for the current year \$200,000 is required. In the year 2,600 churches sout nothing to this Board. The report was adopted.

The report of the Standian Committee on Theological. adopted.

The report of the Standing Committee on Theological Seminarles was also submitted and adopted. It showed these institutions to be in good condition.

METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22 .- In the Methodist General Conference to-day, the election of the Rev. Mar-shall W. Taylor as Editor of The Southeest Christian Advocate, and the Rev. William Nast as Editor of The

Christian Apologist was announced.

The Committee of Freedmen's Ald and Work in the South submitted a report embodying resolutions stating that the question of separate or mixed schools was one of expediency, which was to be left to the judgment of those more immediately concerned, and that the entire work should be under the control of one society, and that the Freedment's Aid Society should have control of the work in this section. The report was adopted.

The ceremony of consecrating the bishops-elect was then proceeded with. The new bishops were J. M. Walder, M. F. Mallalteu, C. H. Fowier, W. X. Ninde and William Taylor. Bishop simpson presided and, assisted by other bishops, performed the consecration ceremonies. expediency, which was to be left to the judgment of those

CHANGING THEIR PASTORATES. KINGSTON, May 22 .- The Rev. William Mc-Kingston, May 22.—The Rev. William Mc-kinney, lately paster of the Albany Avenue Baptist Church, has accepied a call from the Baptist Church of Ansonia, Conn., and will begin his pasterate there on June 1.

The Rev. Dr. John B. Thompson, of the Reformed Church, Catskill, has accepted a call from the Congrega-tional Church at Berkely, Cal., a subure of Oakland and the seat of the California University.

RESTORING A CONFERENCE BOUNDARY. TROY, May 22.-The Committee on Boundaries of the Methodist General Conference has by a vote of 38 to 8 transferred the Burlington District from the Vermont to the Troy Conference, of which it was a part until four years ago. Its restoration is received with re-

VOTING FOR BISHOP CLARKSON'S SUCCESSOR. OMAHA, May 22 .- At the council of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Nebraska, this morning an informal ballot was taken for the election of a successor of the late Bishop Clarkson, which resulted as follows: The Rev. Dr. Worthington, of Detroit, 7; the Rev. E. S. Thomas, of St. Paul, 5; Bishop Walker, of the Northern Dakota Missionary Jurisdiction, 5; the Rev. Dr. Morrison, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1.

THE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. PITTSBURG, May 22 .- The General Synod of he Reformed Presbyterian Church of North America convened here this morning. The Rev. Dr. Morton delivered the opening address, and the Rev. W. J. Smiley, of Sparta, fil., was elected Moderator. Seventy-five delegates are in attendance.

INSTALLATION OF DR. TERRUNE.

The Rev. Dr. Edward Payson Terhune, formerty of Springfield, Mass., was formally installed in the Bedford Avenue Reformed Church of Brooklyn last even-The exercises were under the direction of North Classis of Long Island, and the Rev. Herman C. Berg, or College Point, L. I., presided. The sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. Edward B. Oce, of the Collegiate Reformed Church, of New-York, Dr. Terhune succeeds the Rev. Dr. Elbert S. Porter, who resigned after a pastorate of thirty-four years. His salary is \$6,000 a year. Mrs. Terhune is known as the author of several household works and many works of fiction, under the pen name of "Marion Harland."

THROUGH NEW-YORK STATE.

NORWICH EXCITED ABOUT A PANTHER. Norwich, May 21 .- Great excitement prehave suddenly been transferred to an atmosphere in which the free expression of opinion without danger of being thrust out of office is not altographs an improvement of the control of th gether an impossible thing. They are astonished supposed to be that of dogs until Monday, when a party startled by fearful screams, which they took to be those of a woman in distress. They followed the sound and suddenly came upon a large beast creeping stealthily to ward a flock of sheep. The cries came from an adjoining wood and it was suppessed that the female creature was concealed there. On arriving in town they told their ex-perience and a hunting party was at once organized

> HIS YOUNG WIFE SHOT BY ACCIDENT. BUFFALO, May 22 .- William Green accidentilly shot his wife to-day in the head. Green was examining his revolver in the pantry, when his wife playfully stole up behind him and pulled his arm, when the pistol went off. Green was released on his own recognizance, his wife having made this statement before any became unconscious. The wound will probably prove fatal. They had been married only two weeks.

A SMALL BOY'S LONG TRAMP IN HIS SLEEP. Kingston, May 22 .- A seven-year-old son Robert Tappinder, a John-st. tailor, left his bed in the night and wandered over fields and fences in his night dress a long distance from home recently. He says that when he first awoke he found that he had just fallen from a fence. He was found soon afterward by his father and some friends who had gone in search of him with a lan-

SUICIDE OF A YOUNG CLERK.

ITHACA, May 21 .- F. Chapman, age eighteen, on of the supervisor of the town of Groton, in this county, hot himself through the heart last evening in a barn in a onely part of Trumansburg, where he was employed as a man. There is no known cause for the act. He bade his friends fareweil and paid small personal debts in the day. His habits were good, and he had money and many friends.

INDICTED FOR COMMITTING A NUISANCE. TROY, May 21 .- Five street contractors who have used vacant lots in the southern part of the city as a dumping ground were indicted to-day for alleged commission of nuisance. The owners of the lots were also indicted, citizens having complained that their health was endangered.

BODY OF A LONG MISSING GIRL FOUND. TROY, May 21 .- The body of Estella Murray, young woman who has never been seen since she left a friend's house one evening last winter, was found in the river this morning. There were several bruises on her STOLEN RAILROAD TICKETS FOUND.

Taoy, May 22.-The tickets stolen from the depot at Engle Bridge were found this afternoon secrete in a barn in the neighborhood. DAMAGES FOR A CHILD'S INJURIES.

TROY, May 23 .- In the Circuit Court to-day the jury in the case of James W. Crystal against the Troy and Boston Railroad Company to recover \$19,000 dam ages for crashing his child's legs and arms by the cars as floosick Fails, crippling it for life, rendered a verdict for \$5,000 m favor of the pulintif. SHOOTING HIS WIFE IN A QUARREL.

Charles Lyons, a builder, quarreled with his wife, Ellin, at 9 o'clock last night at their home, No. 150 Bleecker-st. He accused her of drinking and of neglecting their two children. She recriminated and Lyons drew a pistol and shot her through the neek, after which he made his es cape. The wound rendered the woman dumb, but s. . ape. The wound rendered the woman damp, but a banaged to let the police know, and Detectives eynolds and Warren went to bunt up the criminal feartine Mrs. Lyons was sent to St. Vincent's Hop, that there her condition is regarded as critical feartine. The detectives tracked the would be murdered to Heart and Chrystic sts. and arrested him risiols were rawn before he submitted and was marched back to the lerver Street Pedice Station, where he was lacked up to refused to make a statement. He is employed on the otter limiting, at Beckman and Nassaursts. Lyons and is wife are each thirty-live years old.

A THIEVING CLERK CAUGHT.

John P. Keon, a stock clerk in the hosiery department of Le Boutiliier Brothers, at No. 845 Broadway, was arrested last night by Detective-Sergeams Mangtu and Maguire for systematically robbing his employers. He was paid \$12 a week as salary, but confessed to having for five weeks made that amount daily by his possible tions. When a cus-omer paid for goods yer-chared X-va managed to send to the cashiar a smaller oill and po-ket-ed the difference. Marked money was used to entraphine.